Following are notes taken from an Airedale grooming seminar given on behalf of ATRA. They provide great suggestions for anyone who wants to learn to groom their Airedale at home.

Equipment for the home groomer

GROOMING TABLE AND ARM

➤ 24" X 36" with 48" arm and noose or purchase a non-slip vinyl or rubber mat to place onto a sturdy home table

ELECTRIC CLIPPERS

► Recommended: Oster A2 or A5

BLADES

- ▶ #10 used on face, ears, rear, front neck, chest
- ▶ #7F or #7- used on saddle/body and for blending back legs

Additional blades: #5 if you like the hair on the saddle left longer

Note: the higher the number on the blade the closer the cut

CLIPPER and BLADE PRODUCTS

- ► Kool Lube a spray to keep clippers from running too hot
- ▶ Blade Wash a cleaning solution that removes hair from the blades to keep them running sharp.
- Disinfectant spray or soak combs and blades between use.

SCISSORS

- ▶ 7" OR 8" straight scissors of good quality
- Smaller scissors for hair between paws and other tricky areas

COMBS

Metal "Greyhound" or rattail comb for use on furnishings, beards, etc.

Takes out mats and is also used when scissoring to blend.

BRUSHES

- Straight wire pin brush palm style or with handle
- Wire slicker brush with bent wires

STRIPPING KNIFE

 Warner stripper to keep coat in shape between groomings, and bring out curl

Rake stripper over saddle area weekly to keep coat color from graying and to reduce 'shedding'

NAIL TRIMMERS

- ► Any style tool you prefer is fine
- Electric sanders or file for rounding sharp edges
- Quik Stop or other styptic powder in case of bleeding

SHAMPOO

Use a premium brand sold at vets or groomers like:

- ► Harsh Coat (Airedale on the label)
- ► HyLyt

or other

NOTE: If your dog has skin allergies try frequent bathing with non-soap shampoo such as

Sebalux

or other sulphur/salycilic acid formula

Vets carry therapeutic peroxide enhanced shampoos also.

EAR CLEANER

▶ Oti-Clens, Pro Ear, or other ear wash

Flush ears and then swab gently with cotton balls or Q-tips.

If there is paste or brown debris inside the ear have yet check for ear infection.

ANAL SACS

Should be expressed by professionals – either the vet or groomer

Some dogs need to have these glands evacuated at time of grooming.

Instructions for the home groomer



ALWAYS
bathe and
thoroughly dry
your Airedale
before you
begin clipping.
This will save
wear and tear
on your blades
and clipper

motor. It will also yield an even cut with each clipper stroke. If your dog is really shaggy and/or matted you may need to use a #4F or #5 blade to rough cut before bathing. If your dog is matted you should trim with scissors and comb out as many mats as possible before bathing.

Subsequent groomings, performed on a schedule of anywhere from two to eight weeks, will keep your Airedale Terrier looking tip-top and greatly reduce the time required on future grooming sessions.

BODY:

Trim the body with #7 or #7F blade with the lay of the coat. A #8-1/2 or #10 blade can be used if the coat will not lay down or if you desire a closer cut.

FRONT: Clip the sides of the neck and front

with a #10 blade, with the lay of the coat. Be sure to go down to the elbows on the front legs. Clip the tail with #10 with the lay of the coat.

HEAD: Clip the head with a #10 blade

against the lay of the hair from the corner of the eye to the corner of the mouth. Clip the top of head

(skull) the same way.

EARS: Clip the ears, inside and out, with a

#10 blade with the lav of the hair.

TUCK-UP: Clip the tuck-up (under the groin)

with a #10 blade carefully!

REAR: With a #10 blade, clip the inside of

the back legs down to the second thigh. Clip *up* the rear to the anus (as in against the lay of the coat)

SCISSORING: Blend the coat on the rear legs

into the clipped area. There should NOT be "chaps." All lines should be

smoothly blended.

Blend hair on the chest into the side coat, and up underneath to give a smooth line from the chest to the tuck-up. Brush the hair under the chest downward and scissor diagonally up toward the tuck-up.

Blend the hair on the front legs into the clipped area

Scissor off "tuft" at back of elbows

Scissor around the feet so they look neat. Do NOT cut like a Poodle. The front legs should be cut to look cylindrical from all sides down to the ground.

Scissor the hair between the pads. Be sure to take out any mats between the toes

Scissor the back legs to show angulation. Hair should be shorter on the backs of the legs than on the fronts. No "fluff" or "poof" should remain along the back leg lines.

Scissor the face whiskers to blend with the sides of the head. Thinning shears work best here. Do NOT hollow out under the eyes, nor take too much off the bridge of the nose.

Eyebrows should be semi-divided, rounded off and not too long. They should NEVER be as long or pointed as a Schnauzer. Be careful not to leave a "gorilla brow." Taper between the brows to the bridge of the nose.

IN SUMMARY

The finished Airedale should look neat, with all lines blended in. If you can tell where you stopped clipping and started scissoring, go back in a day or so. Take a long look from different angles and do some more blending.

Catalog supply sources

Care-A-Lot 1-800-343-7680 Dr's Foster & Smith 1-800-826-7206 R.C. Steele 1-888-839-9420 Pet USA 1-800-473-8872 Home Pet Shop 1-800-346-0749 In The Company of Dogs 1-800-924-5050

Canine magazines – health/advice

New England Serum Whole Dog Journal

1-800-NE-SERUM 1-800-829-9165

Remember...

...a clean, groomed Airedale is happier, healthier and a more welcome family member!!!



Suggestions for

Grooming **An Airedale**





1123 Vesper Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48103 www.aire-rescue.com